

Fortinet NSE 7 - SD-WAN 7.2

Fortinet NSE7 SDW-7.2

Version Demo

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Topic Break Down

Topic	No. of Questions
Topic 1, SD-WAN Deployment	1
Topic 2, SD-WAN Configuration	1
Topic 3, SD-WAN Troubleshooting	1
Total	3

QUESTION NO: 1

Refer to the exhibit.

Based on the exhibit, which action does FortiGate take?

- A. FortiGate bounces port5 after it detects all SD-WAN members as dead.
- B. FortiGate fails over to the secondary device after it detects all SD-WAN members as dead.
- C. FortiGate brings up port5 after it detects all SD-WAN members as alive.
- D. FortiGate brings down port5 after it detects all SD-WAN members as dead.

ANSWER: A

Explanation:

FortiGate bounces port5 after it detects all SD-WAN members as dead. The SD-WAN health-check configuration can use a fail alert interface to signal a complete SD-WAN outage to an attached device. When the configured health-check members have all failed their SLA or probe criteria, FortiGate applies the configured fail-alert action to the designated interface. A bounce action takes port5 down and then brings it back up, which can trigger link-state detection or routing convergence on the directly connected device. This behavior is specifically intended for cases where upstream or downstream equipment must be notified that no usable SD-WAN path remains, rather than relying only on SD-WAN rule selection or route withdrawal. The action occurs only after all relevant monitored SD-WAN members are considered dead, as indicated by the health-check status and the configured failure-detection behavior. Fortinet documents SD-WAN health checks and their link-state alert mechanisms in the [FortiGate 7.2 Administration Guide](#); the associated command syntax is available in the [FortiOS 7.2 CLI Reference](#).