

Oracle Redwood Application 2026 Developer Associate

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Version Demo

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QUESTION NO: 1

What are the three main features of the Redwood platform? (Choose three.)

- A. Manage both simple and complex capabilities
- B. End-to-end development platform
- C. Developer-grade user experience
- D. Manage only simple capabilities
- E. No differentiated user experience
- F. Consumer-grade user experience

ANSWER: A B F

Explanation:

The Redwood platform is intended to support the full range of enterprise application needs, so **Manage both simple and complex capabilities** is a core characteristic. Redwood provides consistent patterns and reusable components that can support straightforward, focused interactions as well as sophisticated business processes, data-rich workflows, and enterprise-scale application functionality.

End-to-end development platform is also correct because Redwood is more than a visual theme. Its design system, application patterns, components, tooling, and guidance help teams create coherent experiences throughout the application lifecycle. This platform approach helps align design and development around shared standards while enabling extensibility for business requirements.

Finally, **Consumer-grade user experience** reflects Redwood's goal of making enterprise software intuitive, modern, accessible, and efficient for users. Oracle describes Redwood as a design system created to deliver consumer-grade experiences across Oracle products, while still addressing the depth and complexity required by enterprise work. These features work together: a unified platform enables teams to build polished experiences that handle both everyday tasks and advanced capabilities. See Oracle's [Redwood Design System](#) overview and Oracle's [Redwood Design System announcement](#).

QUESTION NO: 2

A user has changed several values in a create and edit page and then selects a link that navigates away from the page. The application must require the user to decide whether to keep or discard the changes before navigation continues. Which Redwood component is most appropriate?

- A. `oj-sp-message-dialog-general`
- B. `oj-sp-message-unsaved-changes`
- C. `oj-sp-messages-banner`
- D. `oj-sp-message-dialog-destructive`

ANSWER: B

Explanation:

`oj-sp-message-unsaved-changes` is designed for the specific case in which a user action could discard edits that have not been saved. It interrupts navigation and asks the user to resolve the pending changes before the application proceeds.

A general dialog can present a generic decision, but it does not communicate the specialised unsaved-data scenario. A banner is non-blocking and therefore does not ensure that the user makes the required decision before leaving the page.

QUESTION NO: 3

Dave deployed an AppUI extension to an instance by mistake. How can he fix this?

- A. The extension will be removed in the next quarterly update of Fusion Cloud Apps
- B. The extension can be undeployed in the Visual Builder Studio's Environment tab
- C. The extension can be redeployed by opening a service request
- D. The extension cannot be deleted once deployed

ANSWER: B

Explanation:

The extension can be undeployed in the Visual Builder Studio's Environment tab. Visual Builder Studio provides deployment management for AppUI extensions through its Environments area. After selecting the relevant Fusion Applications environment, such as a test or production instance, a developer can view deployments associated with that environment and use the available actions to remove an extension deployment that was made accidentally. This reverses the deployment from that target environment while allowing the extension's source project to remain available in Visual Builder Studio for future correction, testing, or redeployment when appropriate. Managing the deployment in the environment where it was installed is important because deployments are tied to a particular target instance and its configured deployment profile. Oracle's Visual Builder Studio documentation describes using the Environments page to manage deployment jobs and deployed artifacts, and Oracle's guidance for extending Fusion Applications explains the lifecycle for deploying extensions from a Visual Builder Studio project. See [Oracle Visual Builder Studio documentation](#) and [Oracle Fusion Applications Common Features documentation](#).

QUESTION NO: 4

Which are the three out-of-the-box functionalities provided by Redwood for developing an application? (Choose three.)

- A. Localization
- B. Caching services
- C. Responsiveness
- D. Accessibility
- E. Telemetry and feedback

ANSWER: A C D

Explanation:

Redwood provides **Localization**, **Responsiveness**, and **Accessibility** as foundational, built-in capabilities for application experiences. Localization supports adapting application content and presentation for users in different languages and regions, including locale-sensitive formatting and translated user-interface text. This enables developers to create globally usable applications without designing regional behavior from scratch.

Responsiveness is integral to Redwood's component and layout approach. Redwood user interfaces are designed to adapt smoothly to different screen sizes, device types, and orientations, helping the same application deliver a coherent experience on desktop and mobile form factors. Accessibility is likewise a core Redwood design-system commitment: its patterns and components support inclusive interaction through considerations such as keyboard operation, semantic structure, focus management, and assistive-technology compatibility.

These capabilities reflect Redwood's purpose as an enterprise application design system and component model, giving developers consistent user-experience behavior as part of the platform rather than requiring each application team to implement those foundations independently. Oracle describes the design system and its experience principles at [Oracle Redwood Design System](#). Additional Oracle guidance on creating Redwood applications is available in the [Visual Builder documentation](#).

QUESTION NO: 5

Which page template is NOT a transactional page template?

- A. Gantt page template
- B. Foldout layout page template
- C. Guided process page template
- D. Advanced create and edit page template

ANSWER: A

Explanation:

Gantt page template is the nontransactional template. A Gantt page is designed primarily to present time-based planning information visually, such as tasks, milestones, dependencies, durations, and schedules. Its central user experience is the graphical interpretation and management of a timeline, enabling users to understand sequencing, progress, and scheduling relationships at a glance. Although a Gantt experience can support interactions that affect planning data, its template purpose is schedule visualization and planning rather than a form-driven transaction flow for creating or editing a business object. Oracle Redwood guidance distinguishes page experiences according to their primary user task and pattern. Gantt is a specialized visualization pattern for planning scenarios, whereas transactional page patterns center on completing structured business actions and data-entry flows. This task-oriented distinction is why the Gantt template is classified as not transactional for this question. See the Oracle Redwood design system at [Oracle Redwood Design System](#) and Oracle's Redwood applications overview at [Oracle Redwood UX](#).