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Fortinet NSE 5FortiSASE and SD-WAN 7.6 Core Administrator

Fortinet NSE5_SSE_AD-7.6

Version Demo

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Topic Break Down

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QUESTION NO: 1

A FortiGate has two SD-WAN rules that can match the same source subnet and destination. The first rule is intended for business-critical traffic, and the second rule is a general internet rule.

How does FortiGate determine which SD-WAN rule is used for a session that matches both rules?

A. FortiGate evaluates SD-WAN rules in their configured order and uses the first matching rule.

B. FortiGate combines the selected members from all matching SD-WAN rules.

C. FortiGate selects the matching SD-WAN rule with the most specific destination object.

D. FortiGate selects the matching SD-WAN rule with the lowest measured latency.

ANSWER: A

Explanation:

FortiGate evaluates SD-WAN rules in their configured order and uses the first matching rule. The business-critical rule must therefore be placed before the broader internet rule. This permits more specific steering requirements to be applied before a general catch-all rule is considered.

FortiGate does not merge the settings from multiple matching SD-WAN rules or select the rule with the most configured match criteria. Member quality is evaluated only after the applicable SD-WAN rule has been identified.

QUESTION NO: 2

An administrator creates a FortiSASE steering bypass destination for a video-conferencing service. The destination type is FQDN and the Apply condition is set to Off-net.

Which two statements describe the result? (Choose two.)

A. The bypass is considered when the endpoint is classified as off-net.

B. Matching traffic is sent through the local physical interface instead of the FortiSASE tunnel.

C. The bypass is applied only when the endpoint is classified as on-net.

D. Matching traffic is sent to the FortiSASE point of presence for inspection.

E. The bypass automatically applies to every FQDN requested by the endpoint.

ANSWER: A B

Explanation:

The bypass is considered when the endpoint is off-net, and matching traffic is sent through the local physical interface instead of the FortiSASE tunnel. An Off-net Apply condition scopes the bypass to endpoints outside the corporate network. A steering bypass provides split-tunneling behavior for traffic that matches the configured destination.

The configuration does not apply the bypass while the endpoint is on-net. It also does not send the matching traffic to the FortiSASE point of presence for centralized inspection because the purpose of the bypass is to avoid the normal SASE steering path.